

Operationalising One Health

Preparedness and response to EIDs and zoonoses

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Operationalising One Health

Operationalising?

- Implementing, making functional
- Integrated and unified approach across sectors, disciplines, and the community

'Doing' One Health





Research pathway

1. One Health in clinical practice – capacity and preparedness of 'front-line' clinicians

- 2. System level difficulties to disease investigation and management,
- 3. Investigate operationalisation of One Health within Australian governance structures, health systems and clinical practice, including existing barriers.
- 4. Develop a strategy to facilitate operationalisation of One Health using a health system framework.



Vision for a One Health System



A vision of a One Health system for Australia: on the need to rethink our health system

Sandra G Steele, Jenny-Ann LML Toribio and Siobhan M Mor Med J Aust 2022; 217 (9): 459-463. || doi: 10.5694/mja2.51733 Published online: 24 October 2022



From Figure 2

Steele, S. G., Toribio, J.-A. L., & Mor, S. M. A vision of a One Health system for Australia: on the need to rethink our health system. *Medical Journal of Australia https://doi.org/https://doi.org/10.5694/mja2.51733*





One Health Governance

- Doesn't replace current stand alone governance platforms
- Leadership and oversight
- Collaboration, collaboration and communication
- Embed One Health into a national CDC.



Information Sharing

- Integrated surveillance
- Timely risk assessment and early response
- Need for compatible information technology systems
- Shared laboratory infrastructure



Vision for a One Health System

One Health Workforce

- Input from both human and animal practitioners
- Different but complementary roles
- Build workforce capacity of front-line providers



Vision for a One Health system

Integrated service delivery

- More efficient and cost effective
- Incorporation of veterinarians with specialist training into health system
- Formal pathways for referral
- Accepted by GPs and vets (Steele et al 2020) and the general public (Speare et al 2015)



Vision for a One Health System

Shared responsibility for medicines

- Collaborative approaches to research and development
- Holistic management of antimicrobial resistance
- Shared regulatory responsibility



Vision for a One Health system

Joint Financing

- Scenarios where the primary beneficiary is human health
- Cost of investigation clients v government
- Emerging diseases
- Antimicrobial resistance subsidised C&S?



- Improved health for humans and animals within their ecosystems
- Increased preparedness and response to outbreaks
- Decreased social and financial costs to outbreaks
- Improved efficiency collaboration, coordination and communication.



Outcomes of a One Health system

- Cooperative and equitable representation across sectors
- Improved preparedness and response to health emergencies
- Cost effective
- Beyond zoonoses and infectious diseases



nature

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Accelerated Article Preview

Pathogen spillover driven by rapid changes in bat ecology

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Peggy Eby, Alison J. Peel, Andrew Hoegh, Wyatt Madden, John R. Giles, Peter J. Hudson & Raina K. Plowright

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